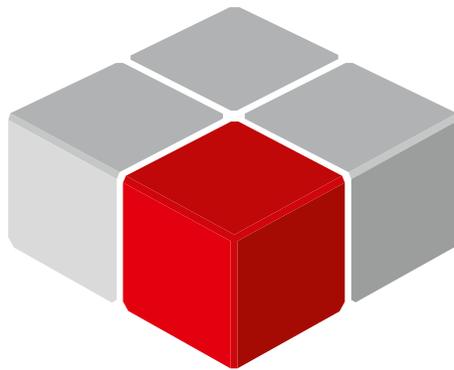




# CODESYS Quick-Start Guide

cMT-X Series and iR Modules  
and using them with CODESYS



# CODESYS

Maple Systems, Inc. | 808 134<sup>th</sup> St. SW, Suite 120, Everett, WA 98204 | 425.745.3229

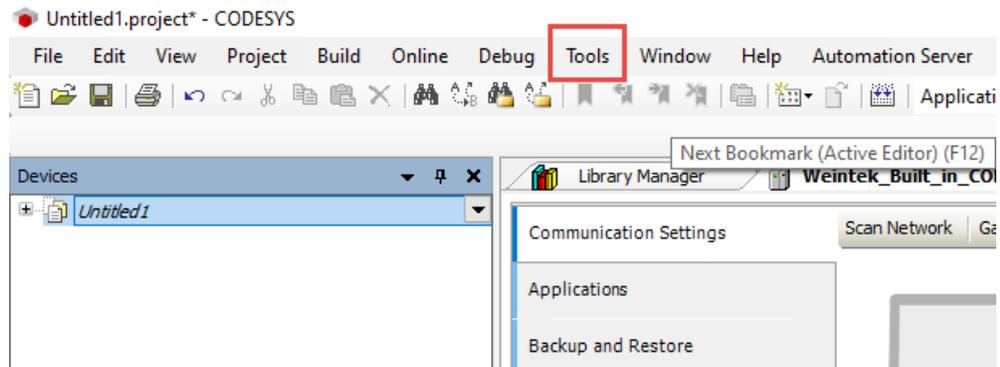
## Table of Contents

Set up CODESYS and Device .....	2
Creating a CODESYS Project.....	3
Connect CODESYS to EBPro .....	6
Connect iR-ETN to CODESYS .....	12
Connect iR-COP to CODESYS.....	18
Connect iR-ECAT to CODESYS .....	25

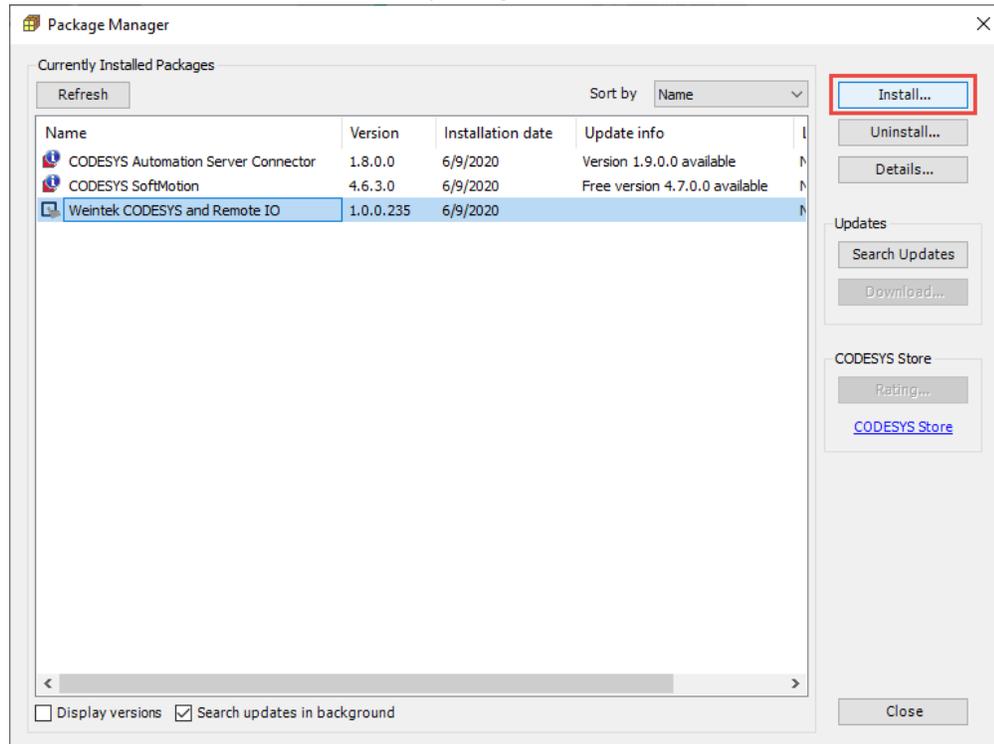
## Set up CODESYS and Device

Note that if you are using the cMT-CTRL01, please refer to the cMT-CTRL01 User Manual for instructions on getting started with CODESYS specific to that model.

1. Create a CODESYS account and download CODESYS v3.5.10.
  - a. If in the USA, Canada, or Mexico, use this link: <https://us.store.codesys.com/customer/account/login/>. Otherwise, use <https://store.codesys.com/>.
2. Download the Weintek package file and install the package in CODESYS.
  - a. Select Tools -> Package Manager:



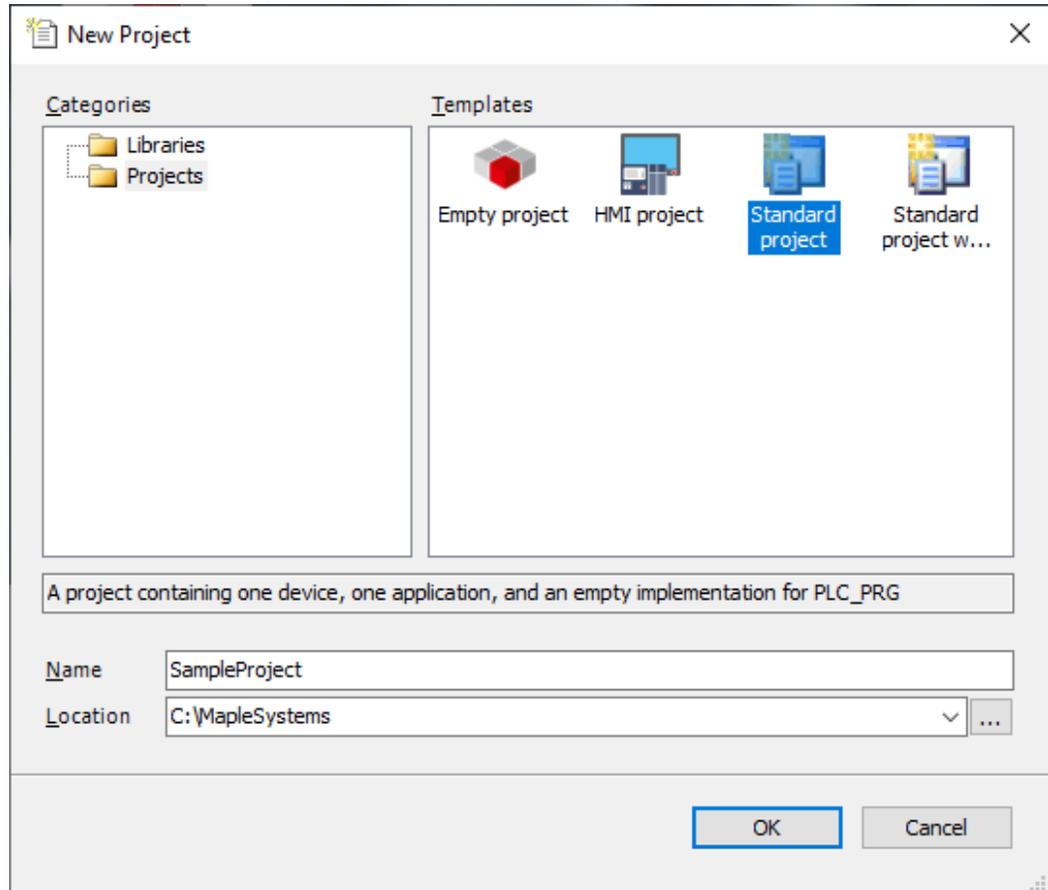
- b. Click Install and select the Weintek package file:



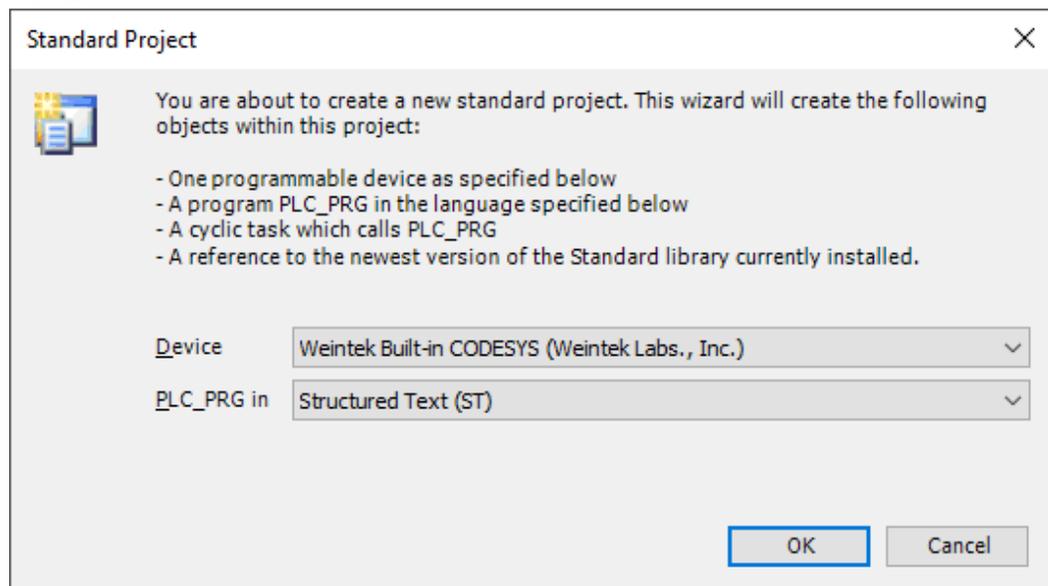
3. Activate CODESYS on your cMT device by connecting it to the internet, opening the HMI system settings menu, unlocking it, select the Network tab and ensure Obtain an IP Address Automatically is enabled. Then open the CODESYS tab and enter the CODESYS Activation Code and click Active.

## Creating a CODESYS Project

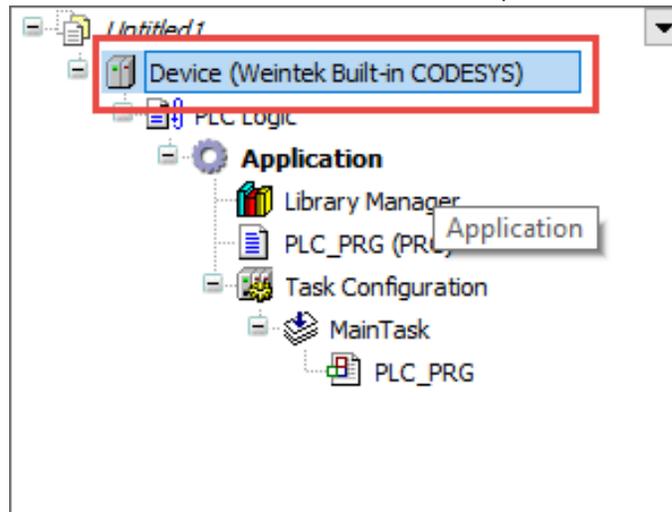
1. Create a new project in CODESYS using the Weintek Built-in CODESYS device.
  - a. Select File -> New Project, then select Standard Project from the menu:



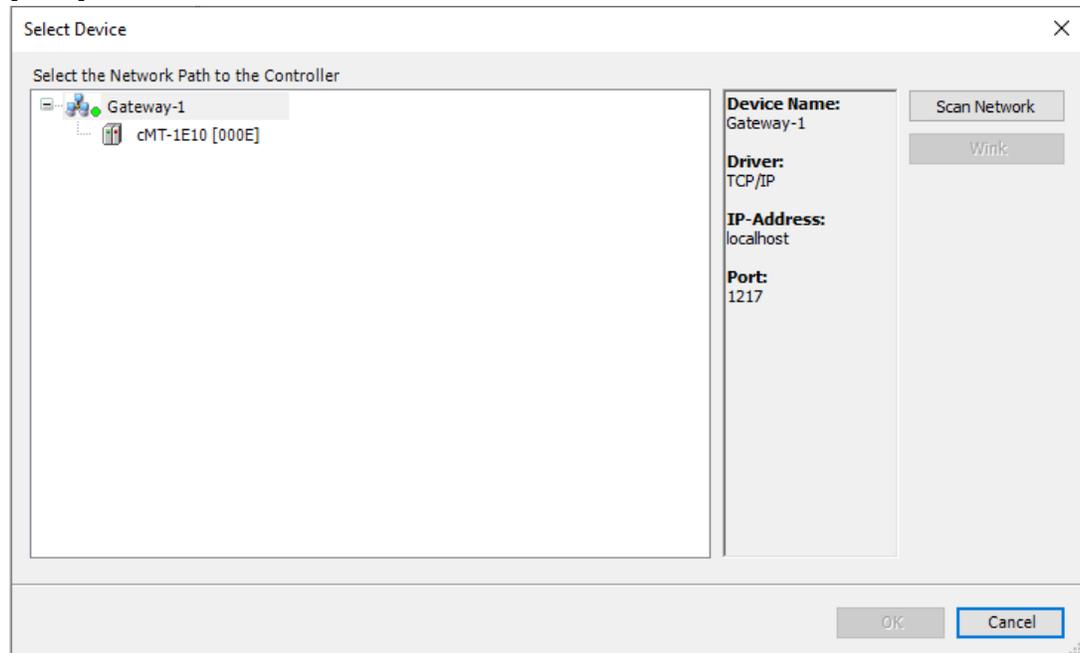
- b. In the Standard Project menu, select the Weintek Built-in CODESYS (Weintek Labs., Inc.) device:



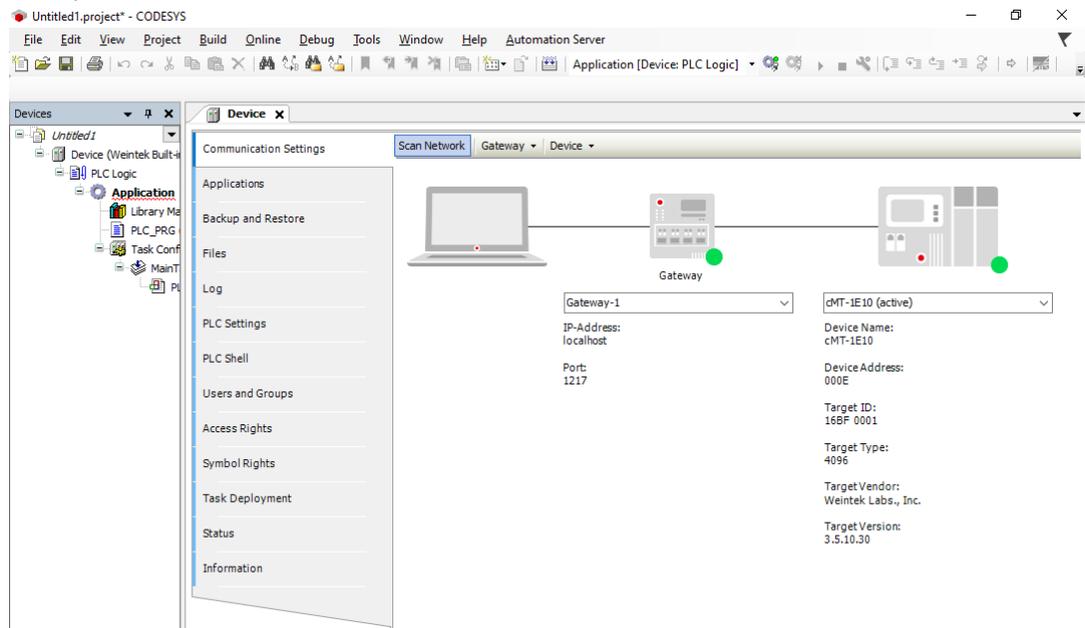
2. Scan for your newly Activated HMI and connect to it.
  - a. Double click on the Device in the Devices pane:



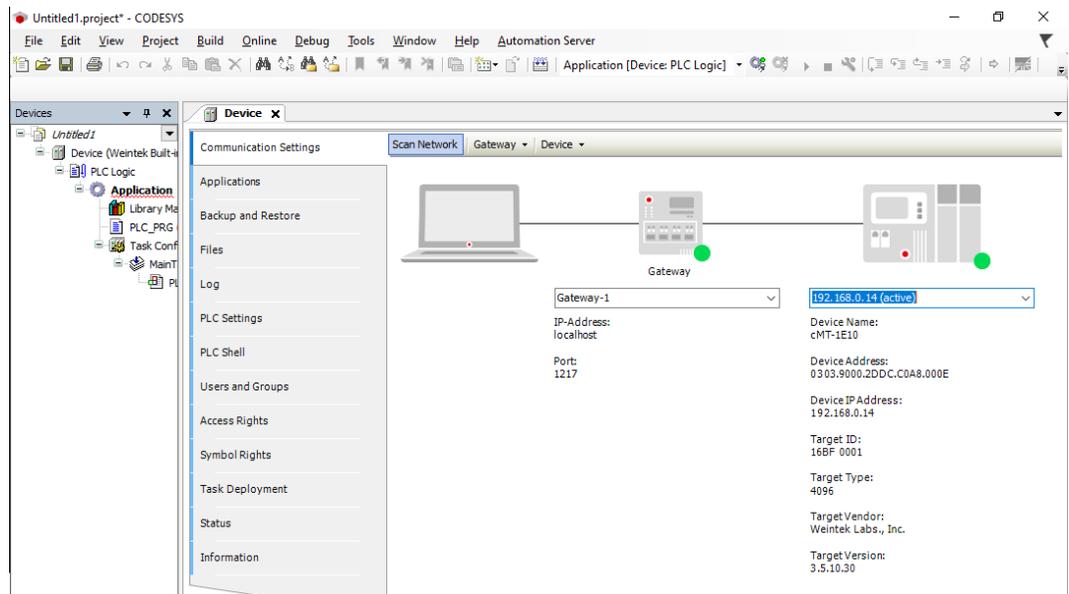
- b. Click Scan Network and select the cMT-X device. Note that the last two IP address octets are converted to hex and used the identifier in square brackets seen here as cMT-1E10 [000E]. This makes the IP address of this cMT device xxx.xxx.0.14:



c. Now you should see the connection from PC to cMT-X in the Scan Network tab:

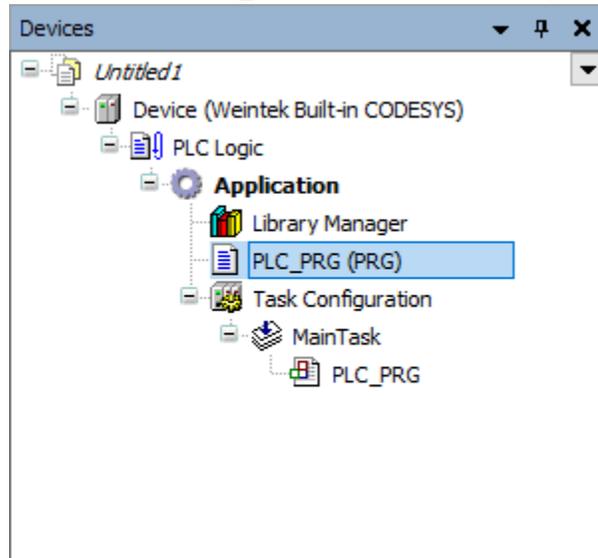


d. Note that it is also possible to simply type the IP address of the cMT-X device into the Scan Network tab device section:

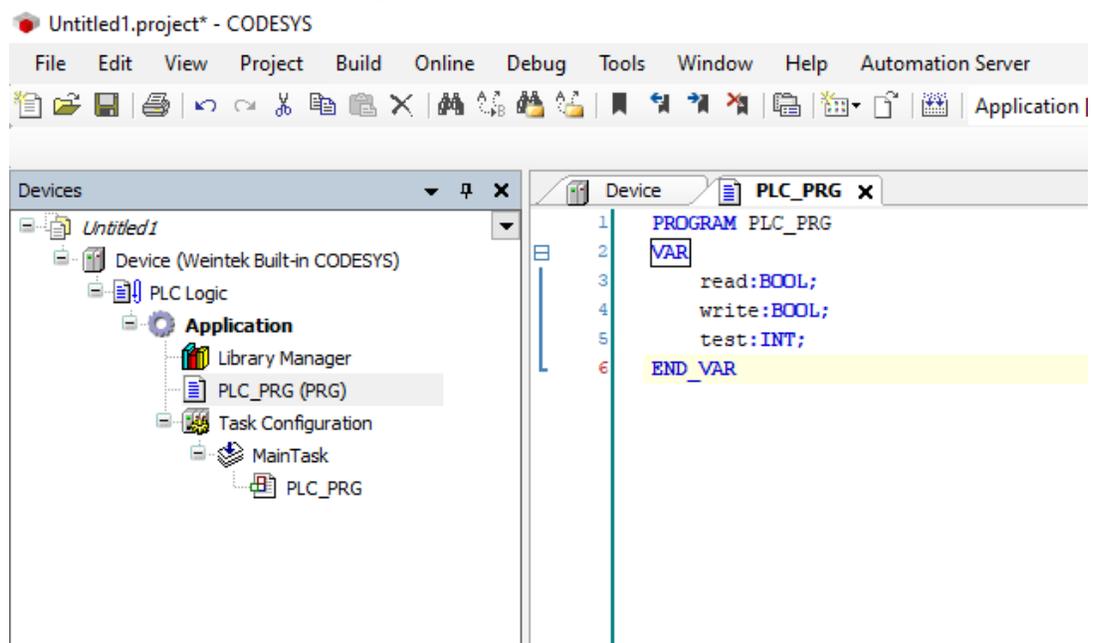


## Connect CODESYS to EBPro

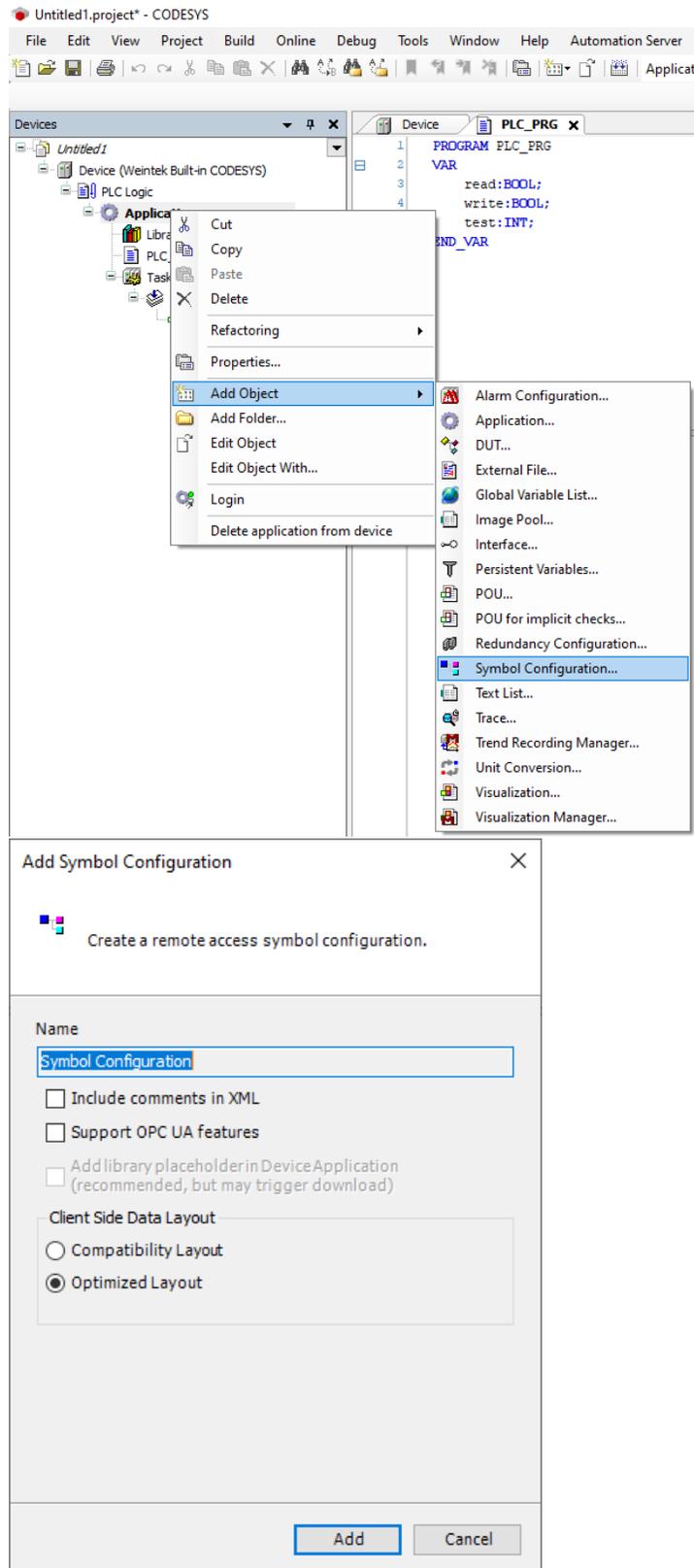
1. Create three tags in the CODESYS project.
  - a. Double click on PLC\_PRG(PRG) in the Devices pane:



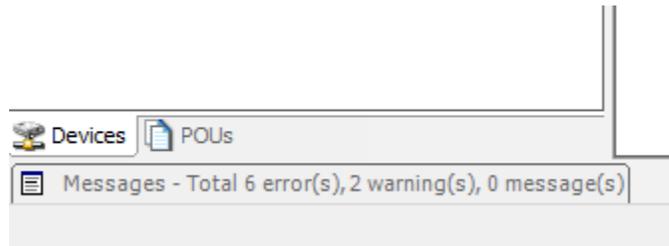
- b. Add ST code to create three tags:



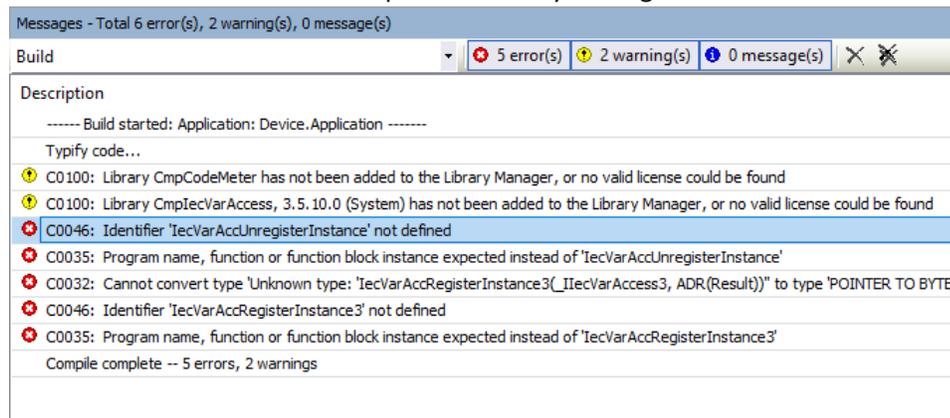
- c. Right click on Application in the Devices pane and select Add Object -> Symbol Configuration, using the default values:



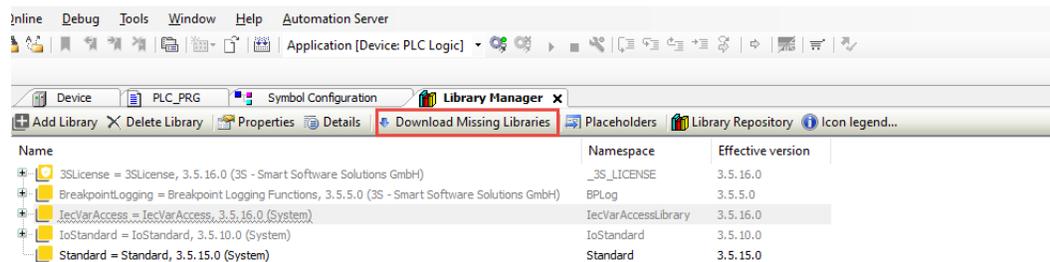
- d. Note, when done, the project automatically builds. If there are build errors, they display in the bottom left corner:

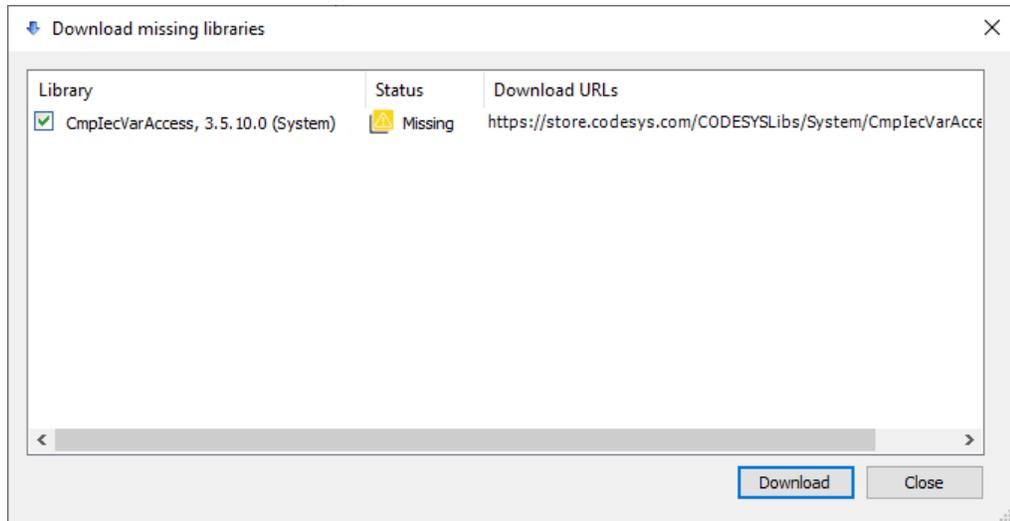


Clicking on this will open the errors and warnings. If there are any errors, and this is the first CODESYS project created, build errors are likely due to missing libraries. Open the errors and double click one to open the Library Manager:



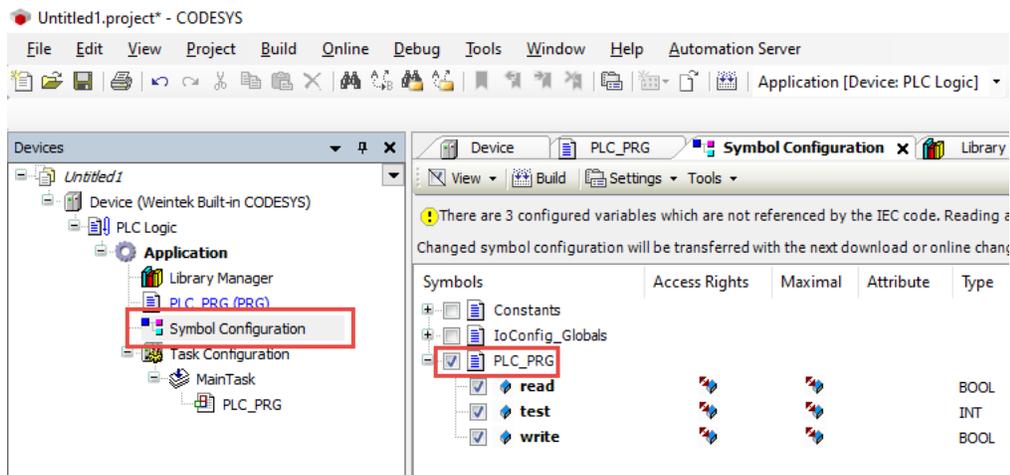
To fix this, simply click the Download Missing Libraries button, then with all libraries selected, click Download:



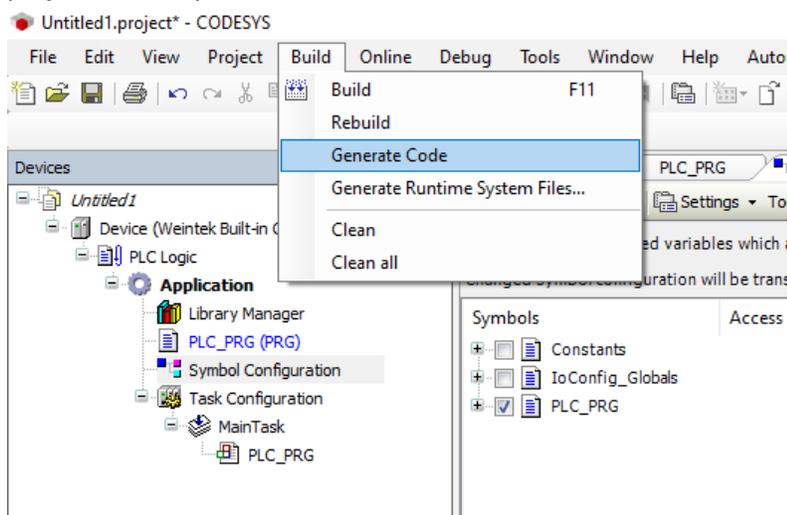


2. Export the CODESYS tags to an XML file.

- a. With the new Symbol Configuration selected in the Devices pane, check the PLC\_PRG box to add all the new tags to export:



- b. Select Build -> Generate Code to generate the XML file, which can be found in the project directory:



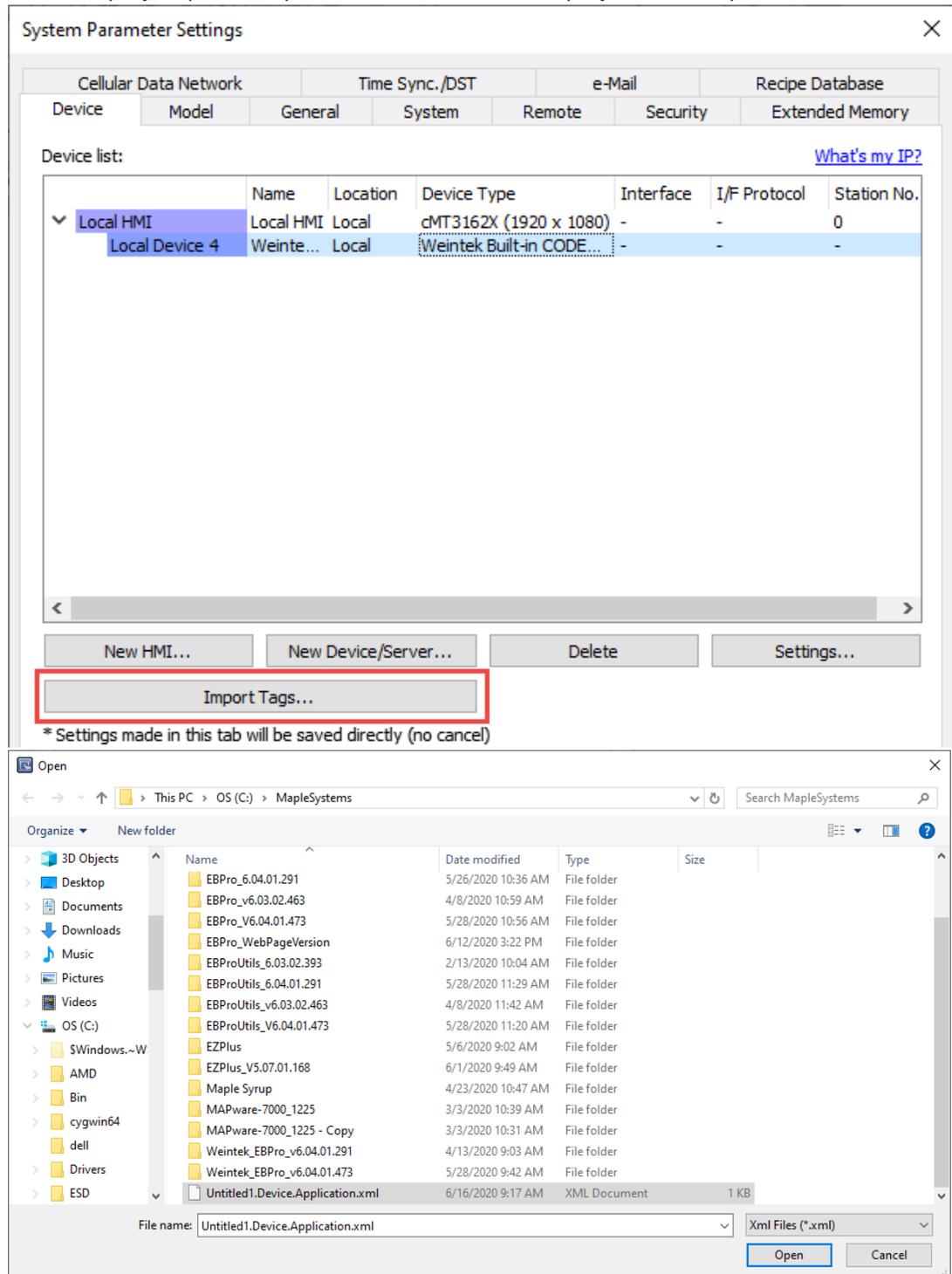
3. Add a Weintek Built-in CODESYS device to your EBPro project and import the XML file of CODESYS tags.
  - a. Add a Weintek Built-in CODESYS device to your EBPro project:

The screenshot shows the 'System Parameter Settings' dialog box. At the top, there are tabs for 'Cellular Data Network', 'Time Sync./DST', 'e-Mail', and 'Recipe Database'. Below these are sub-tabs for 'Device', 'Model', 'General', 'System', 'Remote', 'Security', and 'Extended Memory'. The 'Device list' table contains the following data:

Device	Name	Location	Device Type	Interface	I/F Protocol	Station No.
Local HMI	Local HMI	Local	cMT3162X (1920 x 1080)	-	-	0

At the bottom of the dialog, there are four buttons: 'New HMI...', 'New Device/Server...' (highlighted with a red box), 'Delete', and 'Settings/Security...'. A note below the buttons states: '\* Settings made in this tab will be saved directly (no cancel)'. Below the dialog box, the 'Device Properties' section shows a list of device types: 'Weintek Labs., Inc.', 'Weintek Built-in CODESYS' (highlighted in blue), 'Weintek Remote IO (CANopen)', and 'Weintek Remote IO (MODBUS TCP/IP)'.

- b. Click the Import Tags button and navigate to the XML tag export file created for the CODESYS project previously. It will be in the CODESYS project directory:

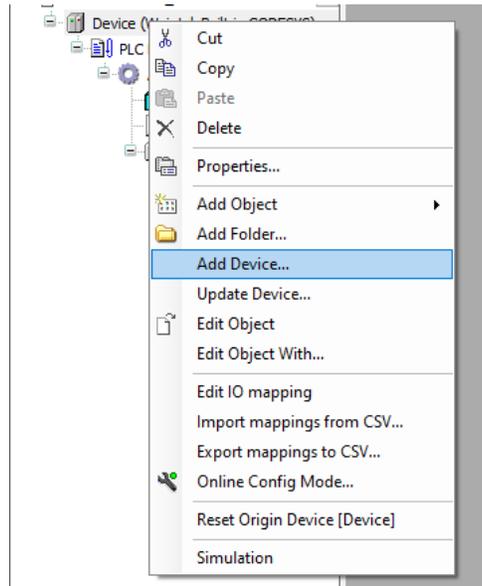


- c. You can now access all tags from your CODESYS project in EBPro.

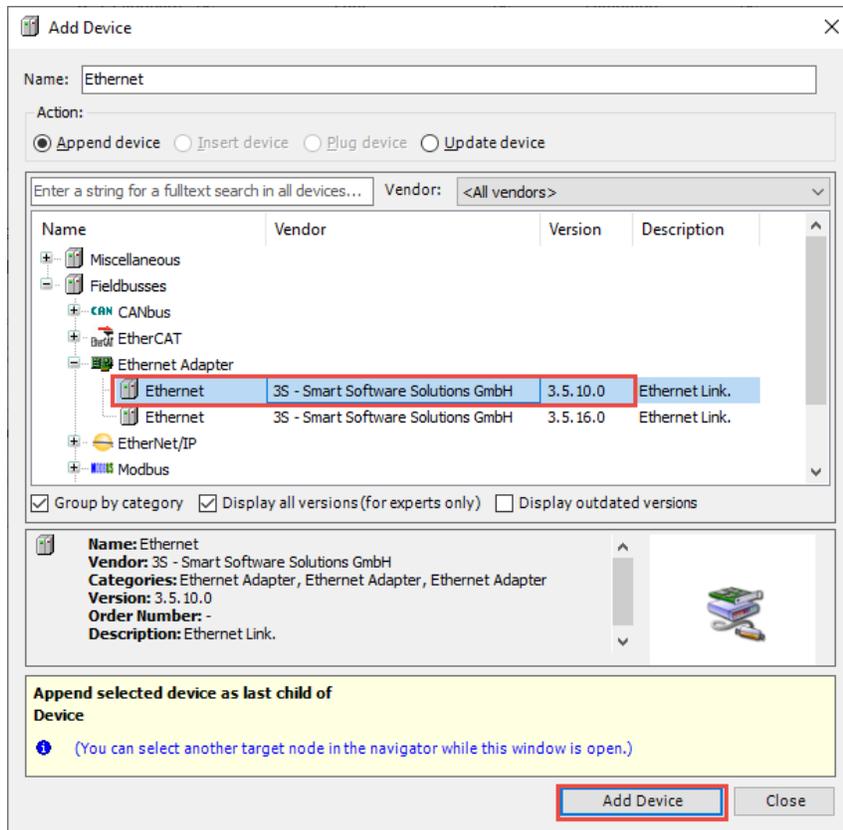
## Connect iR-ETN to CODESYS

Before setting up a CODESYS project to communicate with an iR-ETN module, it is assumed that the development PC running CODESYS, the cMT device running the CODESYS runtime, and the iR-ETN module have all been connected via Ethernet and are on the same IP subnet. If this is not the case, the devices will be unable to communicate.

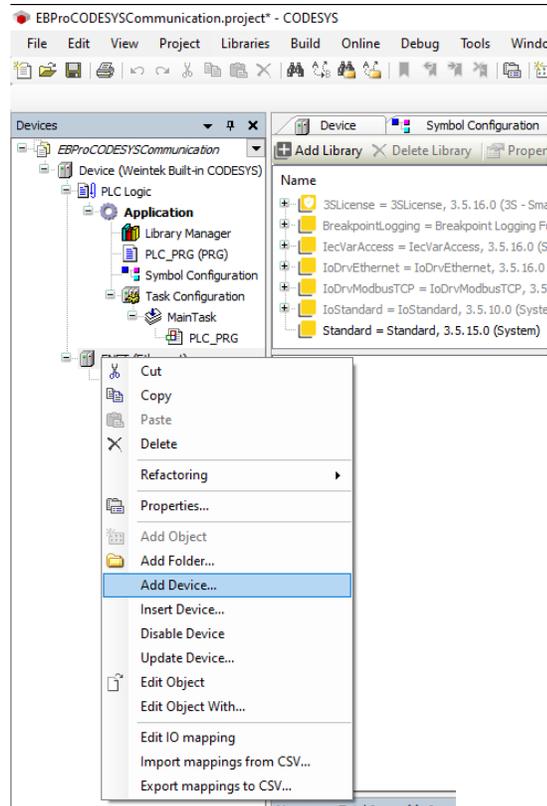
1. Right click on Device (Weintek Built-in CODESYS) and select Add Device:



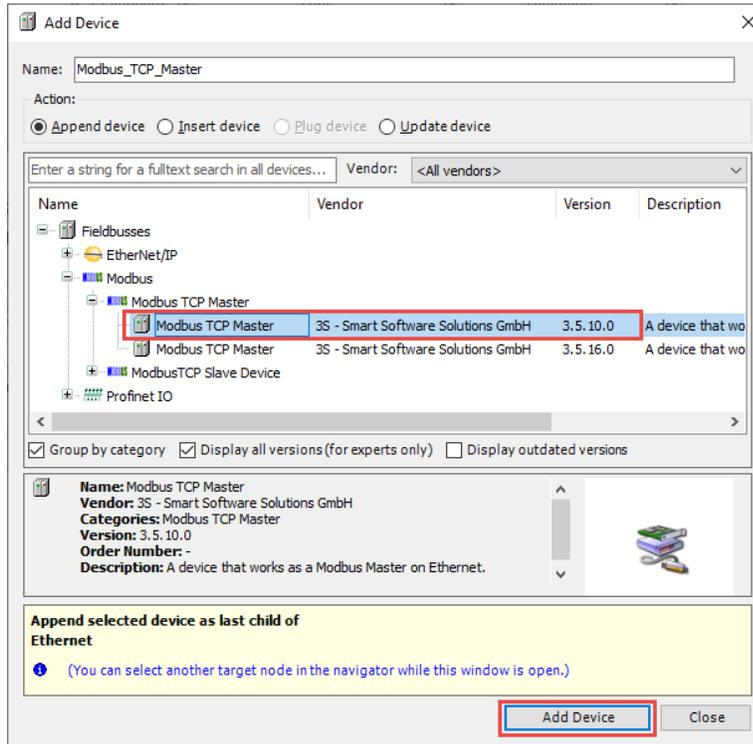
2. In the Add Device window, select Fieldbuses -> Ethernet Adapter -> Ethernet version 3.5.10 and click Add Device:



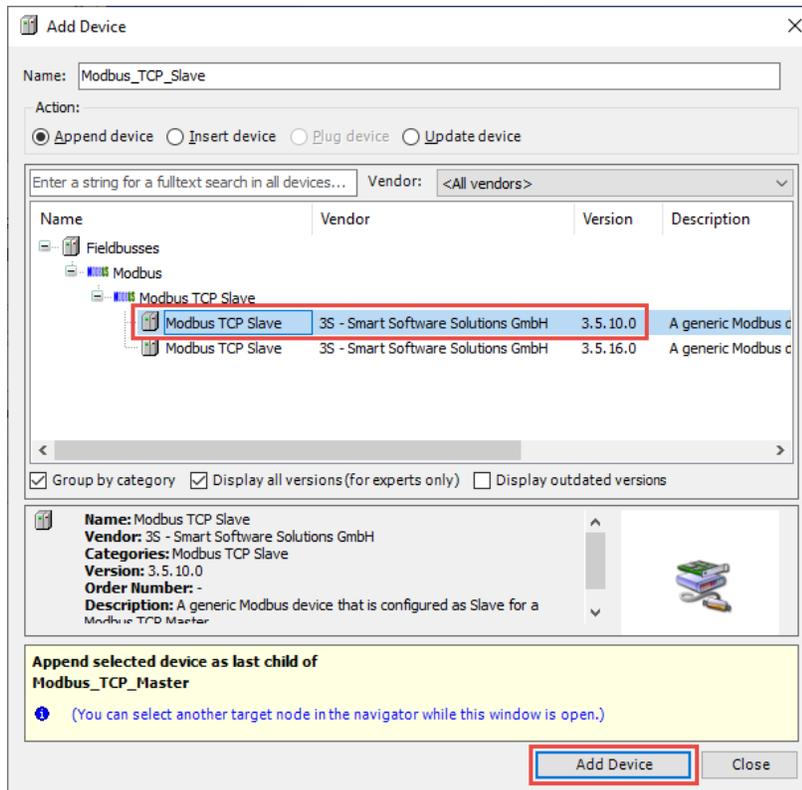
3. Right click on the newly added Ethernet device and select Add Device:



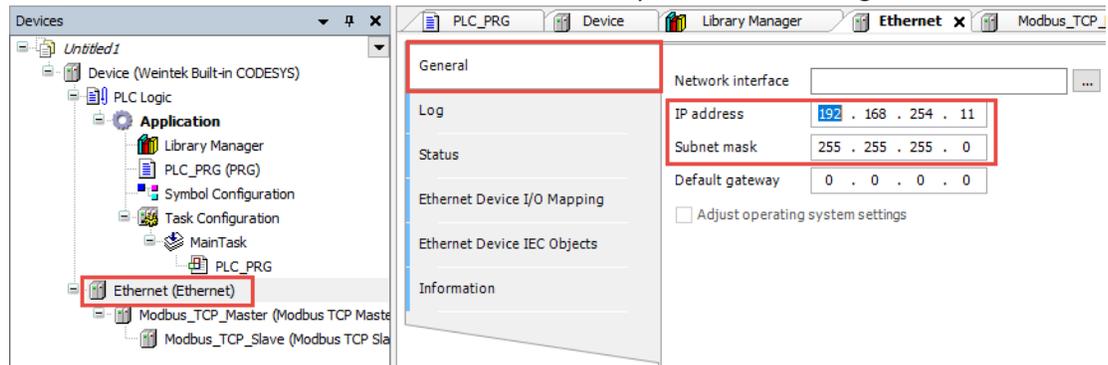
- Select Fieldbuses -> Modbus -> Modbus TCP Master -> Modbus TCP Master and click Add Device:



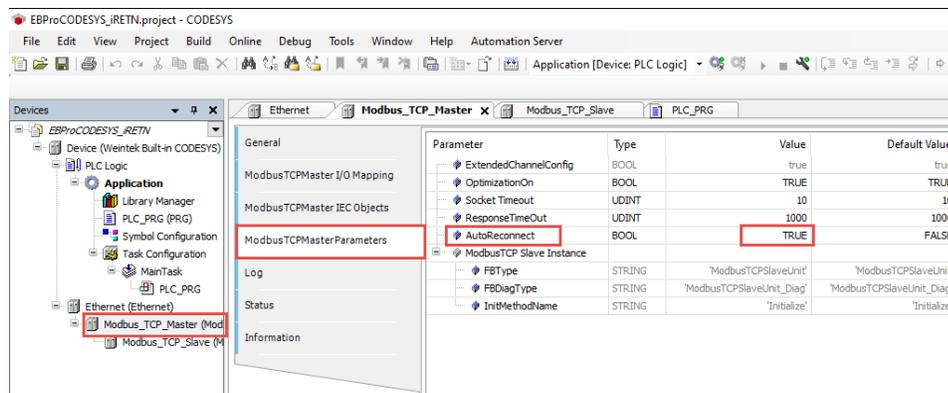
- Select the new Modbus TCP Master device, then select Fieldbuses -> Modbus -> Modbus TCP Slave -> Modbus TCP Slave and click Add Device:



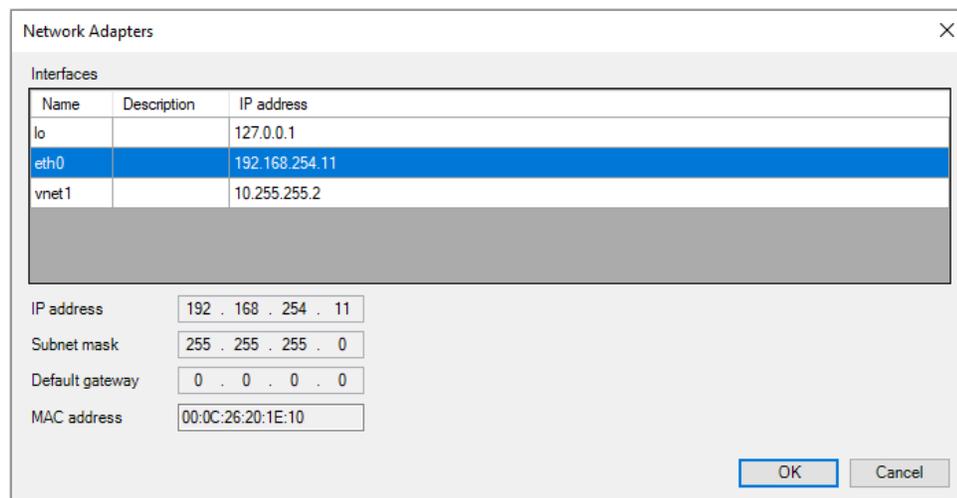
- Double click the newly added Ethernet device to open the Ethernet device configuration. In the General tab, enter the IP address and Subnet mask to match your iR-ETN's configuration:



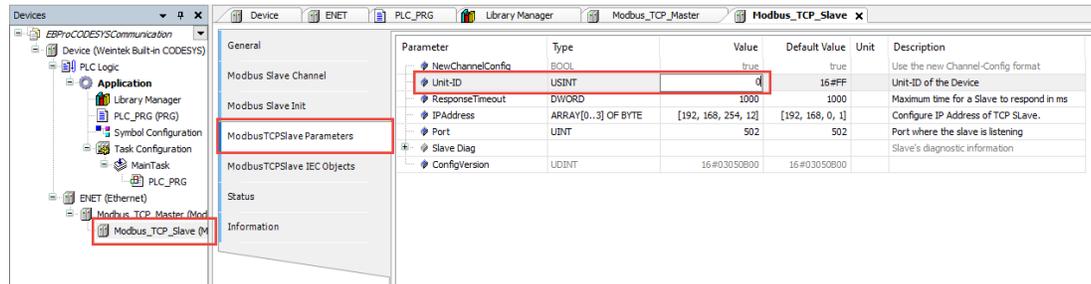
- Double click the Modbus TCP Master device and navigate to the ModbusTCPMasterParameters tab and set AutoReconnect to TRUE:



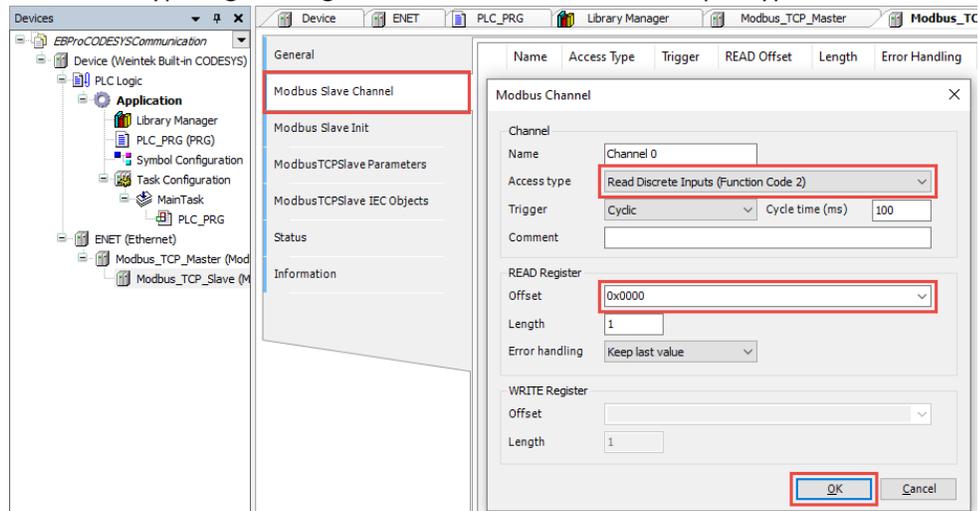
- With CODESYS connected to the base device, i.e. Device (Weintek Built-in CODESYS), click [...] in the Ethernet device General tab and select the Network interface corresponding to the Ethernet device's IP address:



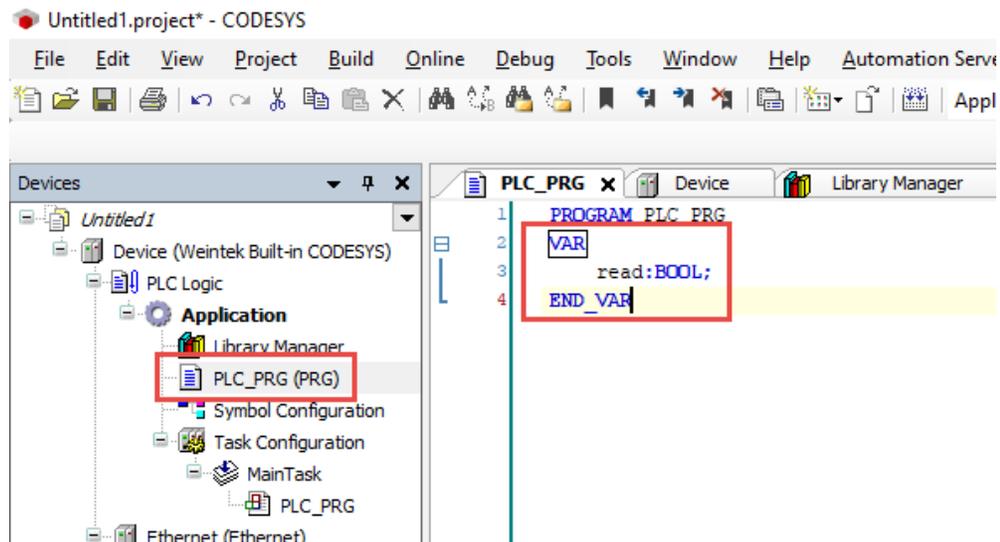
- Double click on the Modbus TCP Slave device and go to the ModbusTCPSlave Parameters tab. There, change the Unit-ID Parameter to match the Unit ID on the iR-ETN module:



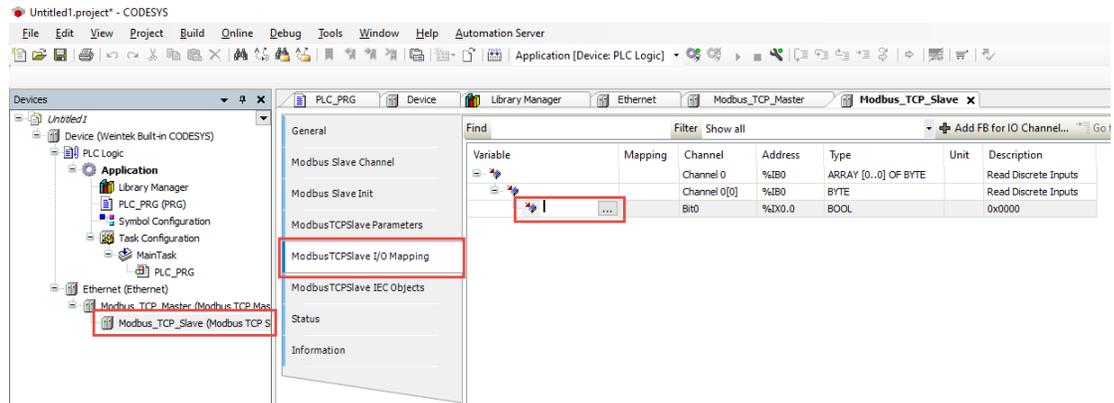
10. To add a tag to the Modbus device, go to the Modbus Slave Channel tab and click Add Channel to open the Modbus Channel window. Select the access type to match the data type of the tag. In this case, a bool-type tag is being added, so the Read Discrete Input type is used:



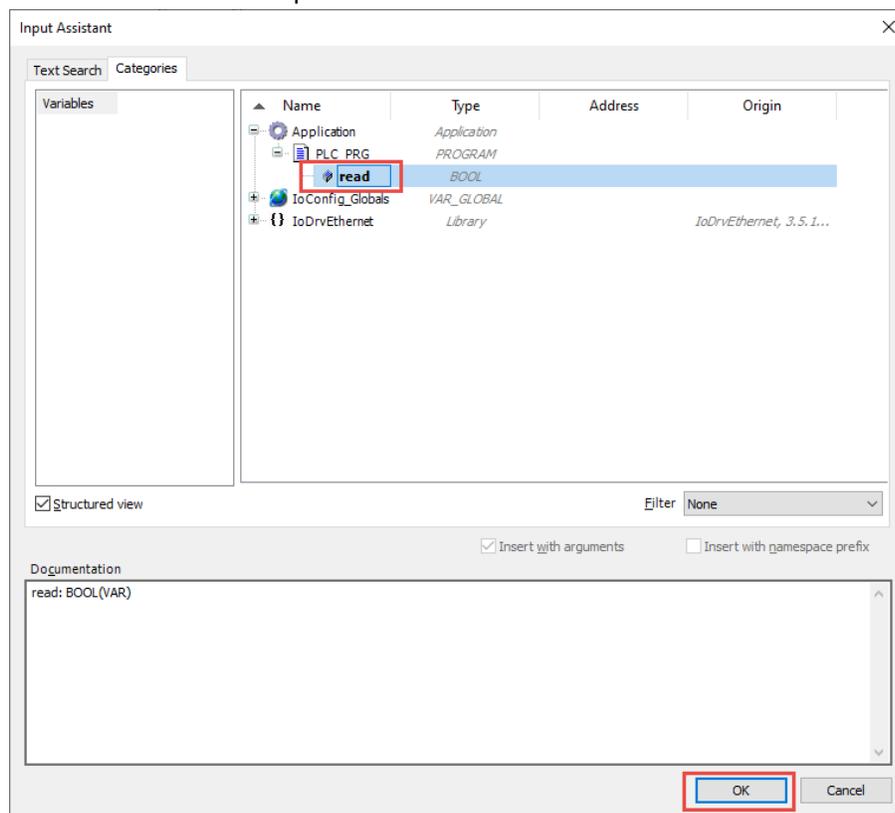
11. Double click on PLC\_PRG in the Devices pane and add a Boolean tag:



12. With the tag added, double click on the Modbus TCP Slave device once more, go to the ModbusTCPSlave I/O Mapping tab, expand the Variable tree entirely and click the [...] button to connect it to the new read Boolean tag:



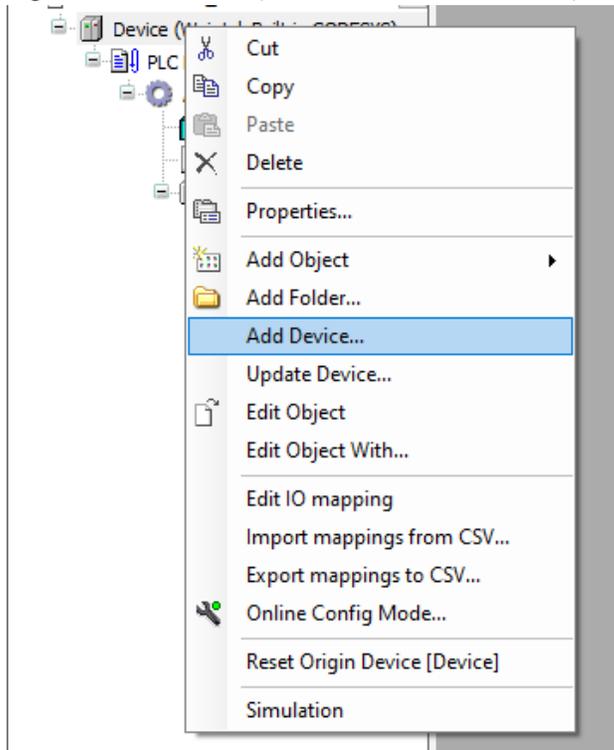
13. In the Input Assistant window, select Application -> PLC\_PRG -> read to attach the read Bool tag to the Modbus channel created prior.



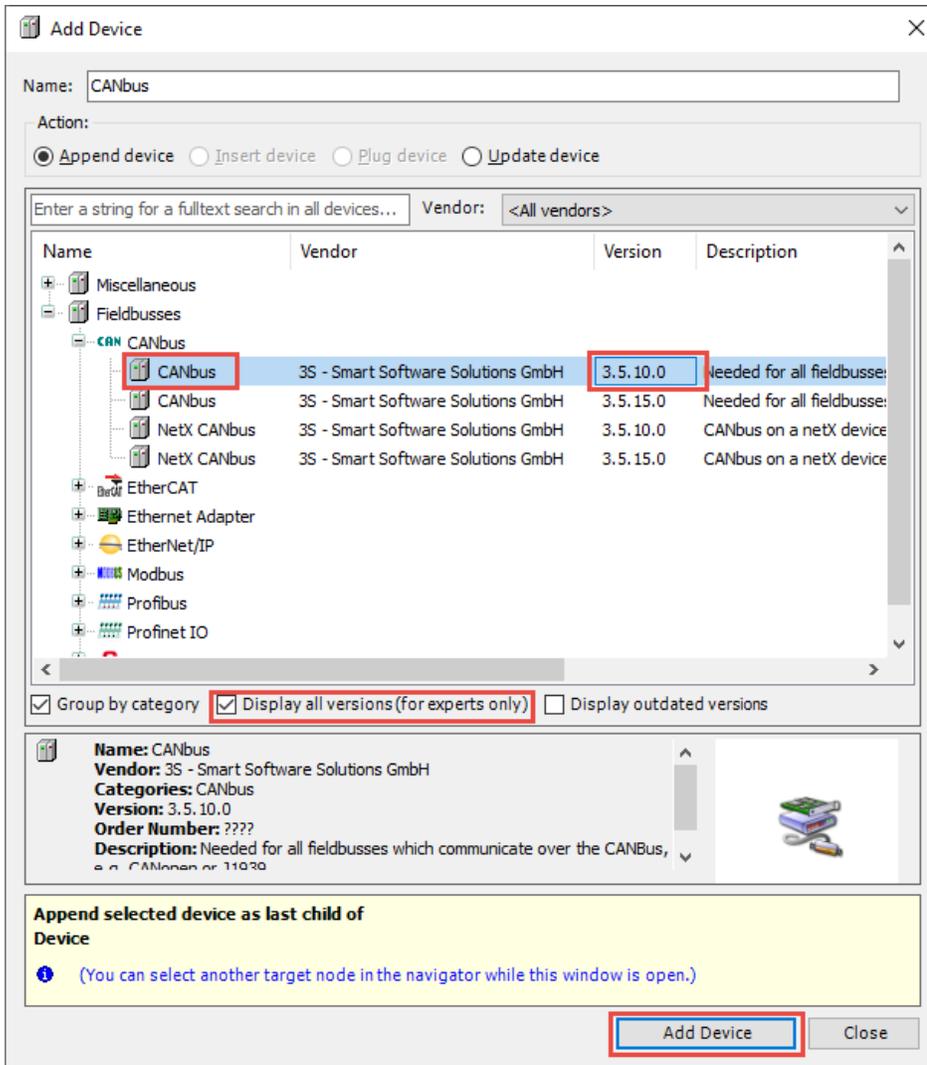
## Connect iR-COP to CODESYS

Before setting up a CODESYS project to communicate with an iR-COP module, it is assumed that the development PC running CODESYS and the cMT device running the CODESYS runtime are connected via Ethernet, and the cMT device is connected to the iR-COP module using the CAN bus. For information on how to wire the CAN bus, please see the installation guide pinout diagrams for the cMT device in use, as well as the installation guide and user manual for the iR-COP on DIP switch settings and wiring.

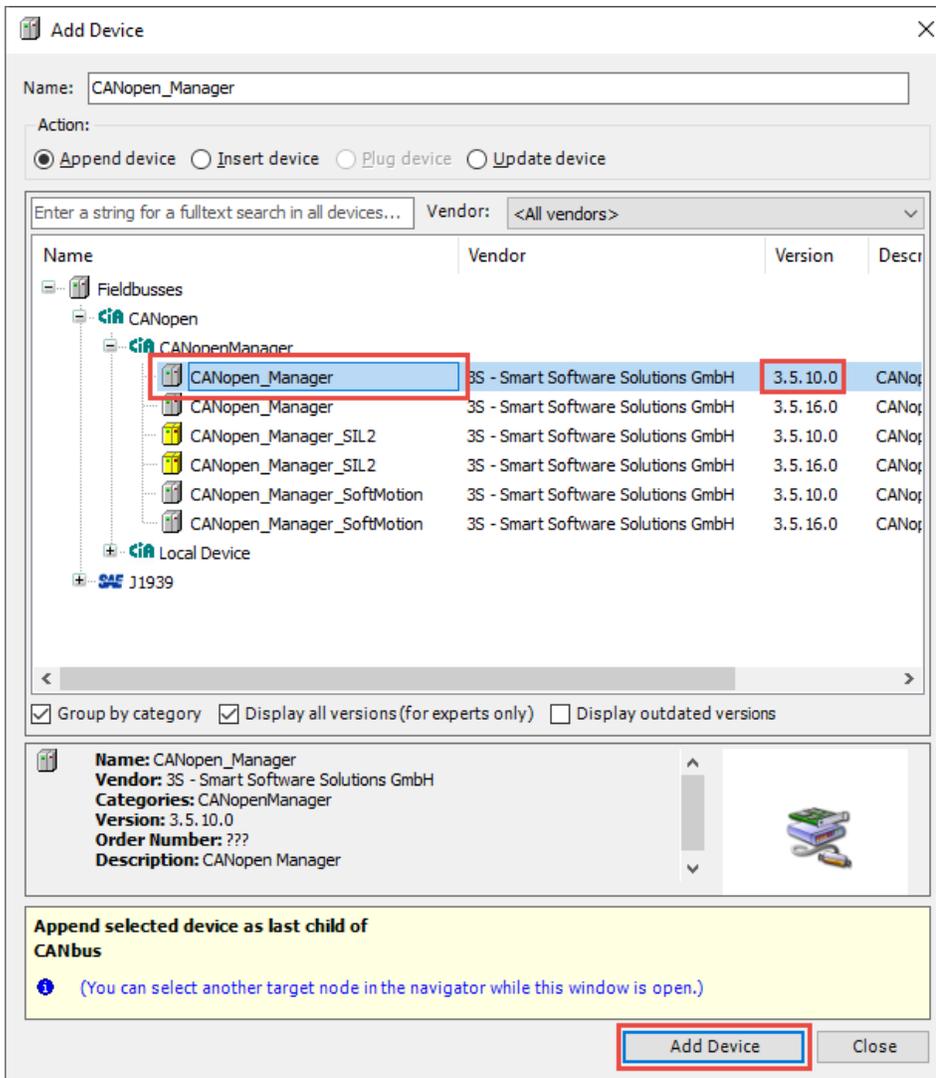
1. Right click on Device (Weintek Built-in CODESYS) and select Add Device:



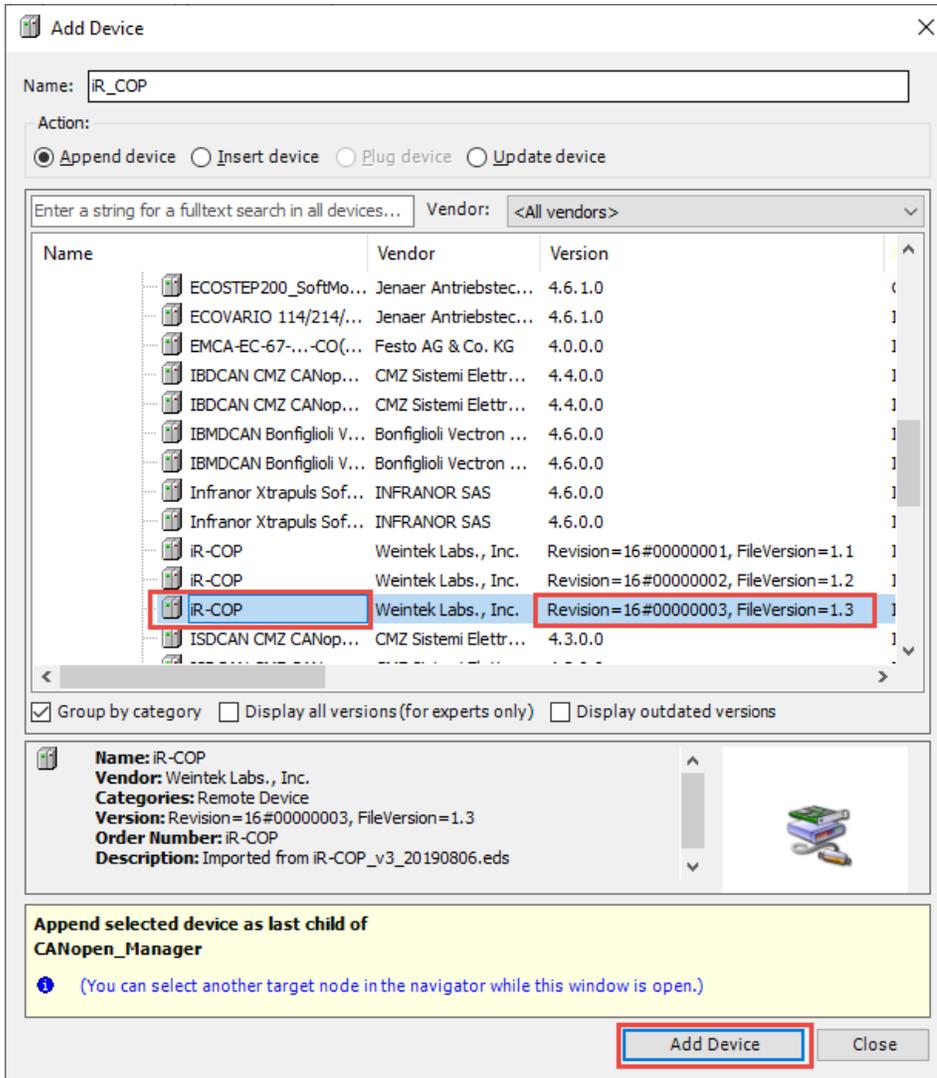
2. In the Add Device window, first check the Display all versions checkbox, and then select Fieldbusses -> CANbus -> CANbus version 3.5.10 and click Add Device:



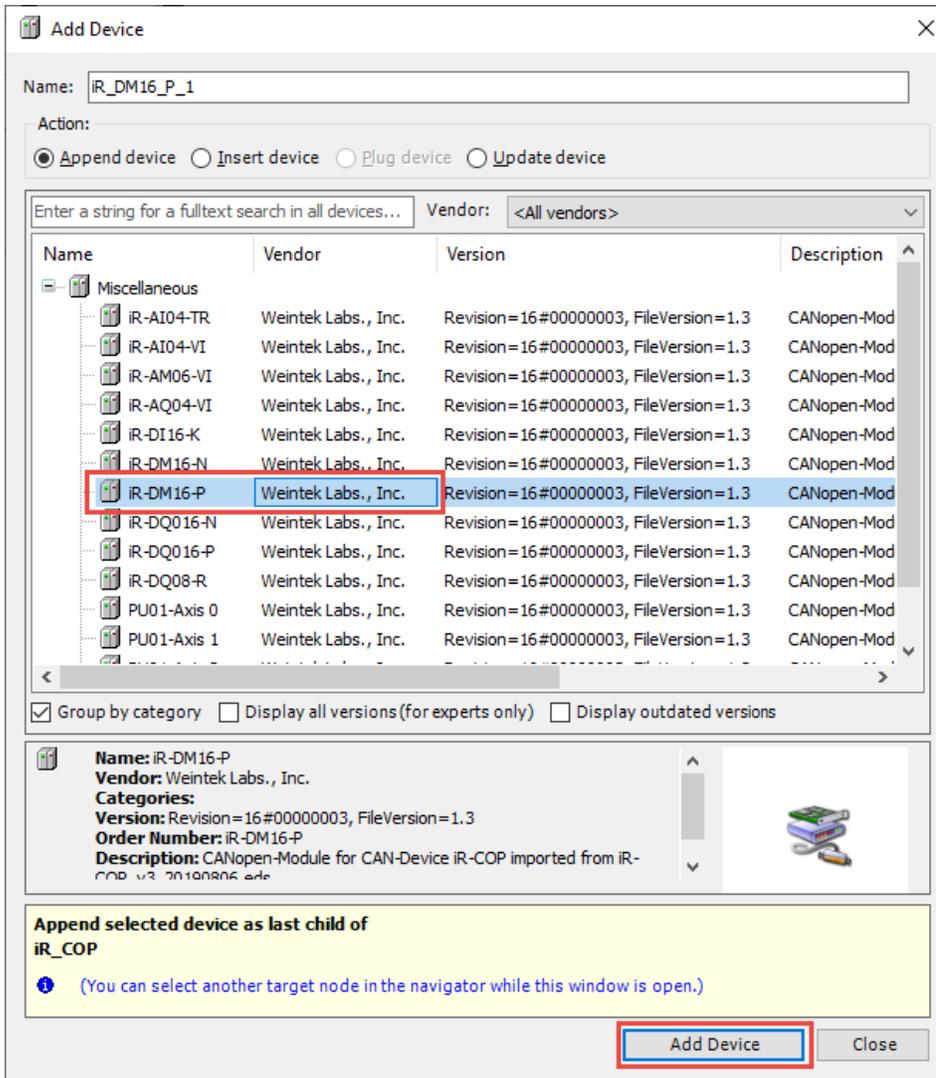
3. Select the newly added CANbus (CANbus) device, and then in the Add Device window, select FieldBuses -> CANopen -> CANopenManager -> CANopen\_Manager version 3.5.10:



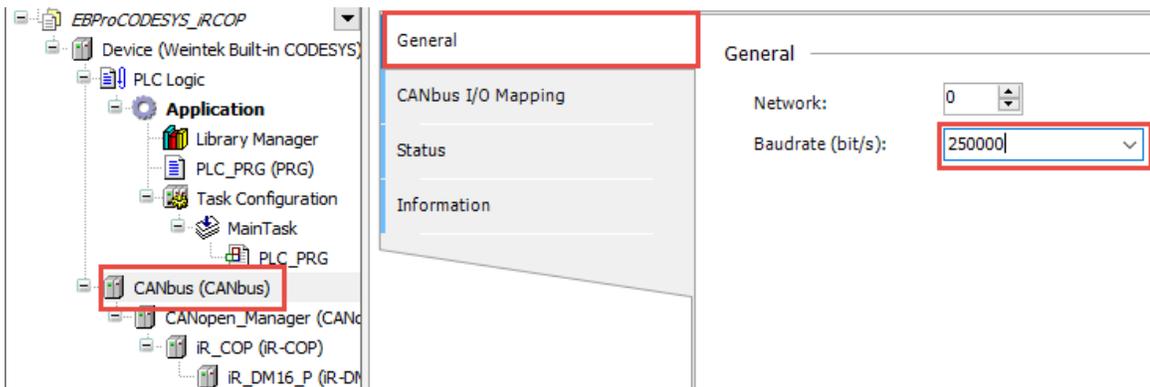
4. Select the newly added CANopen\_Manager, and then in the Add Device window, select Fieldbusses -> CANopen -> Remote Device -> iR-COP Revision 3, FileVersion 1.3:



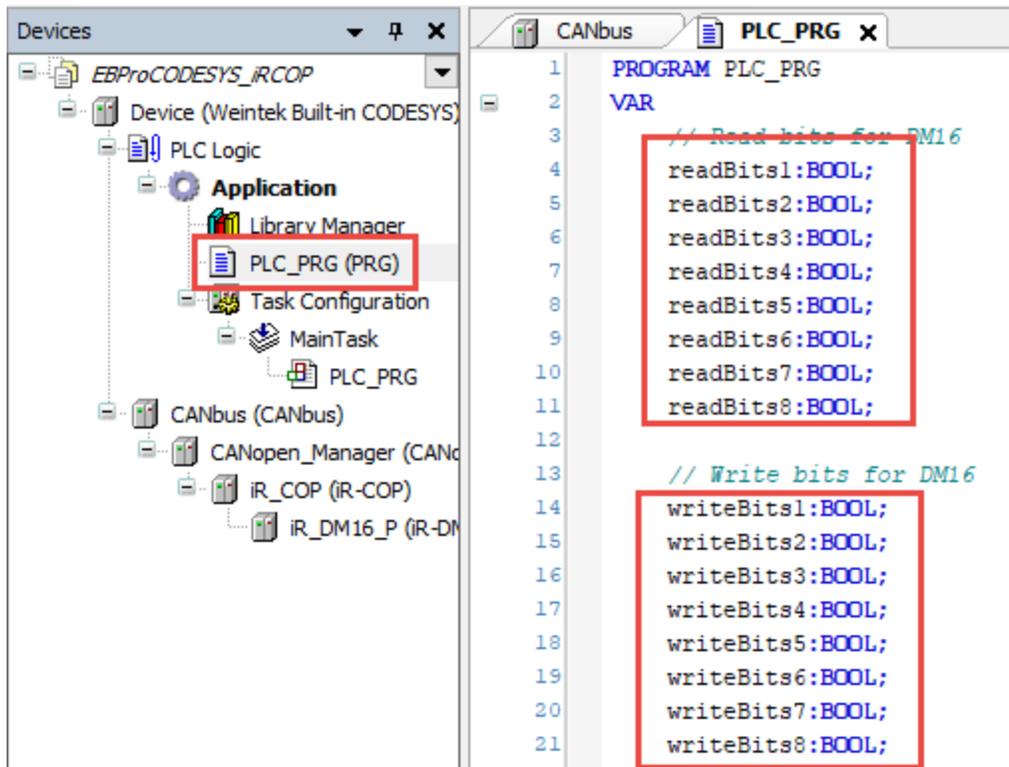
5. Select the newly added iR-COP device, and then in the Add Device window, add each module connected to the iR-COP in the order connected. In this example, we only have an iR-DM16-P connected:



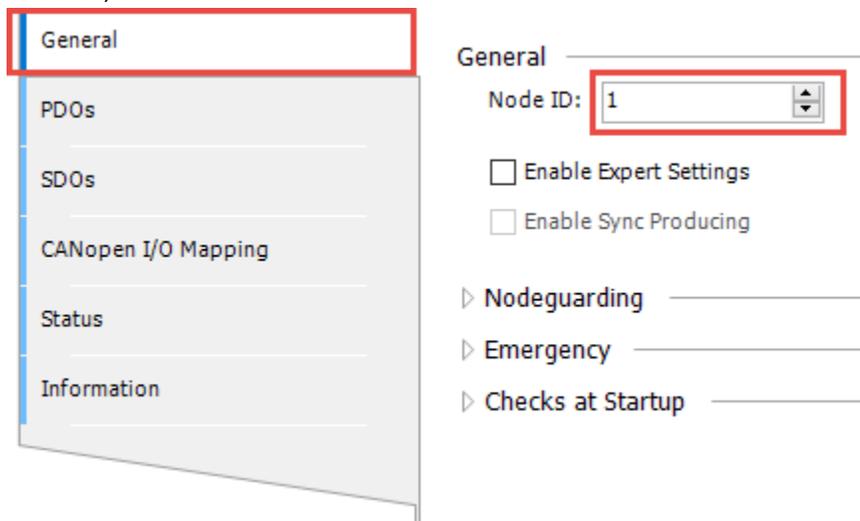
6. Double click on the CANbus (CANbus) device and configure the correct baud rate for the iR-COP in the General tab. This should match the baud rate set on the DIP switches of the iR-COP:



7. To map tags to the CANopen device, first add tags to the PLC\_PRG application. In this example, BOOL tags are used as the only IO module connected to the iR-COP is an iR-DM16-P:



8. Double click on the iR\_COP device and go to the General tab. Here, set the Node ID to match the X1 and X10 DIP switch Node setting on the iR-COP device. In this example, we have the Node set to 00 01, so we set the Node ID to 1:



9. Now map the variables in PLC\_PRG to the IO modules attached. In this example, we are only using a iR-DM16-P, so we will double click that module, navigate to the CANopen-Module I/O Mapping tab, and connect each created Boolean variable and attach them to the corresponding IO:

Variable	Mapping	Channel
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits1	↔	WriteOutput8Bit : IR_DM16_P
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits2	↔	Bit0
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits3	↔	Bit1
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits4	↔	Bit2
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits5	↔	Bit3
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits6	↔	Bit4
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits7	↔	Bit5
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits8	↔	Bit6
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits1	↔	ReadInput8Bit : IR_DM16_P
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits2	↔	Bit0
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits3	↔	Bit1
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits4	↔	Bit2
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits5	↔	Bit3
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits6	↔	Bit4
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits7	↔	Bit5
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits8	↔	Bit6

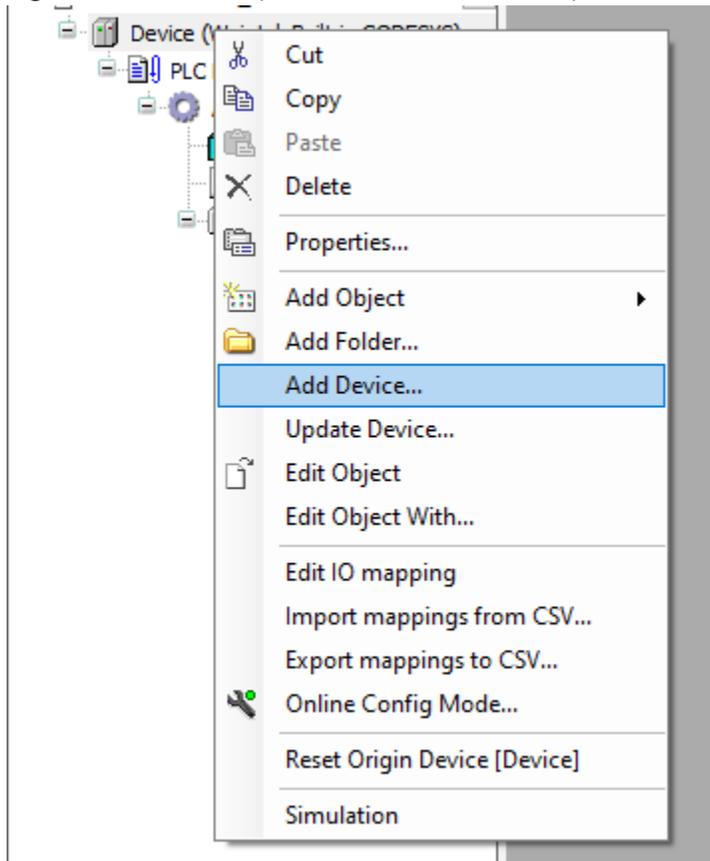
10. Still on the CANopen I/O Mapping tab, set Always update variables to Enabled 2 (always in bus cycle task).

Variable	Mapping	Channel	Address	Type	Un
		WriteOutput8Bit : IR_DM16_P	%QB0	BYTE	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits1	↔	Bit0	%QX0-0	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits2	↔	Bit1	%QX0-1	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits3	↔	Bit2	%QX0-2	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits4	↔	Bit3	%QX0-3	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits5	↔	Bit4	%QX0-4	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits6	↔	Bit5	%QX0-5	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits7	↔	Bit6	%QX0-6	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.writeBits8	↔	Bit7	%QX0-7	BOOL	
		ReadInput8Bit : IR_DM16_P	%IB0	BYTE	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits1	↔	Bit0	%IX0-0	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits2	↔	Bit1	%IX0-1	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits3	↔	Bit2	%IX0-2	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits4	↔	Bit3	%IX0-3	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits5	↔	Bit4	%IX0-4	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits6	↔	Bit5	%IX0-5	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits7	↔	Bit6	%IX0-6	BOOL	
Application.PLC_PRG.readBits8	↔	Bit7	%IX0-7	BOOL	

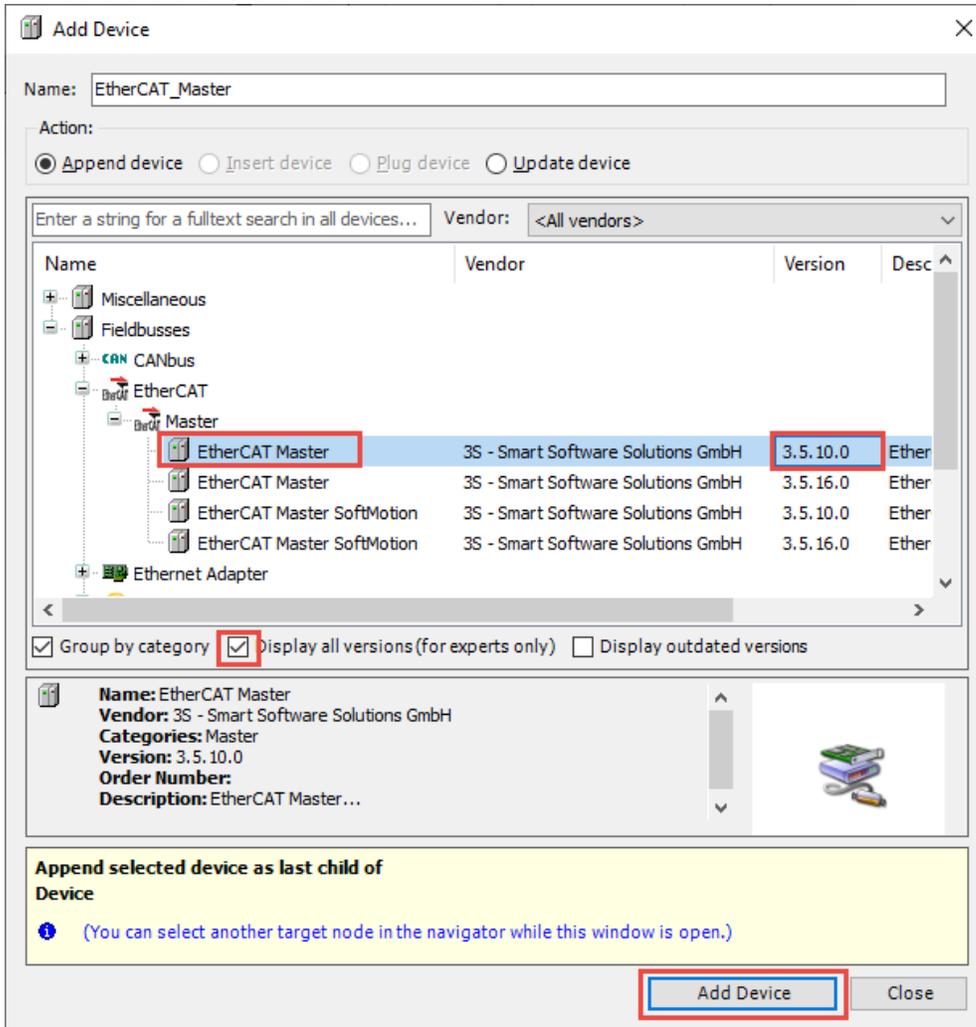
Reset mapping Always update variables: **Enabled 2 (always in bus cycle task)**

## Connect iR-ECAT to CODESYS

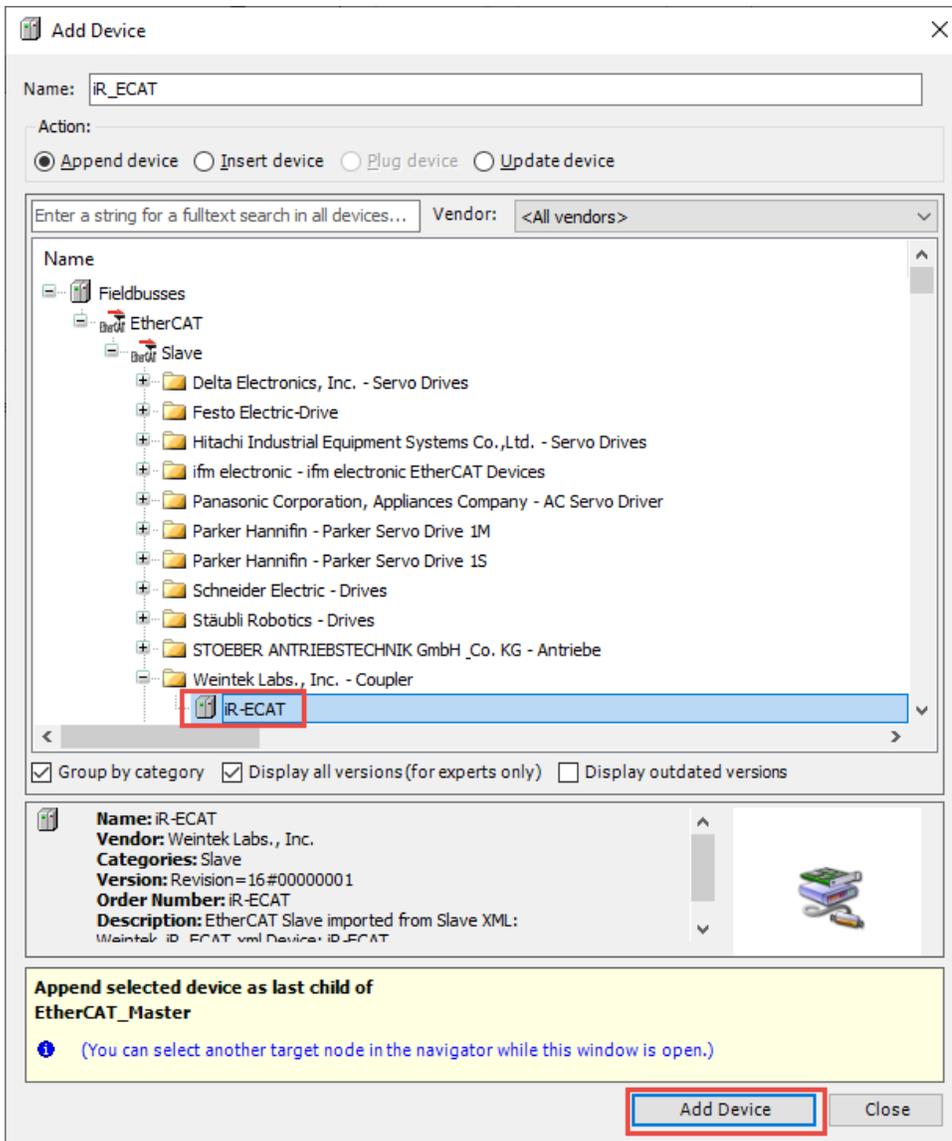
1. Right click on Device (Weintek Built-in CODESYS) and click Add Device:



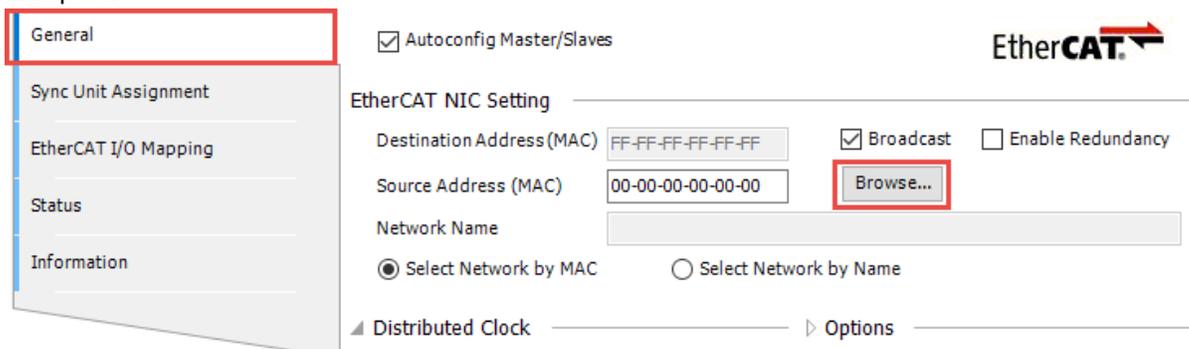
2. In the Add Device window, check the Display all versions checkbox and then select FieldBusses -> EtherCAT -> Master -> EtherCAT Master Version 3.5.10.0 and click Add Device:



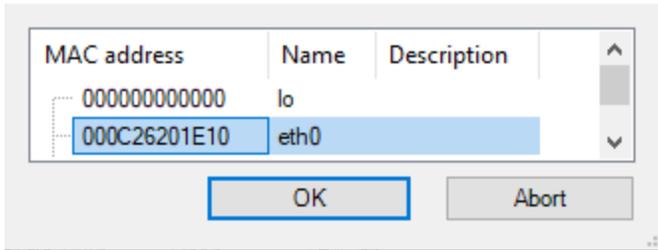
3. Select the newly added EtherCAT Master device, and then in the Add Device window, select Fieldbuses -> EtherCAT -> Slave -> Weintek Labs., Inc. – Coupler -> iR-ECAT and click Add Device:



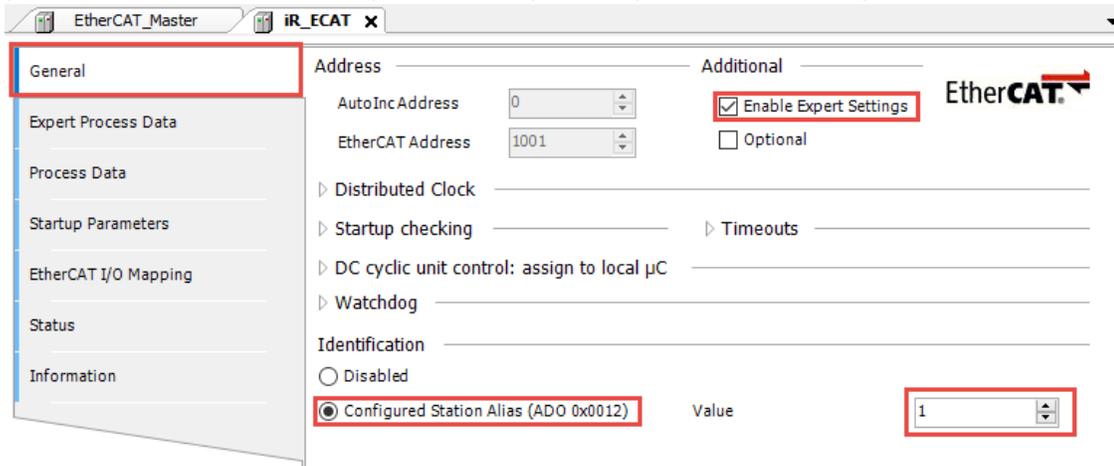
4. Double click on the newly added EtherCAT Master device to open the settings. In the General settings tab, click the Source Address (MAC) Browse button to set the gateway address to use for the EtherCAT interface. This should match the MAC address of the cMT-X device's CODESYS LAN port:



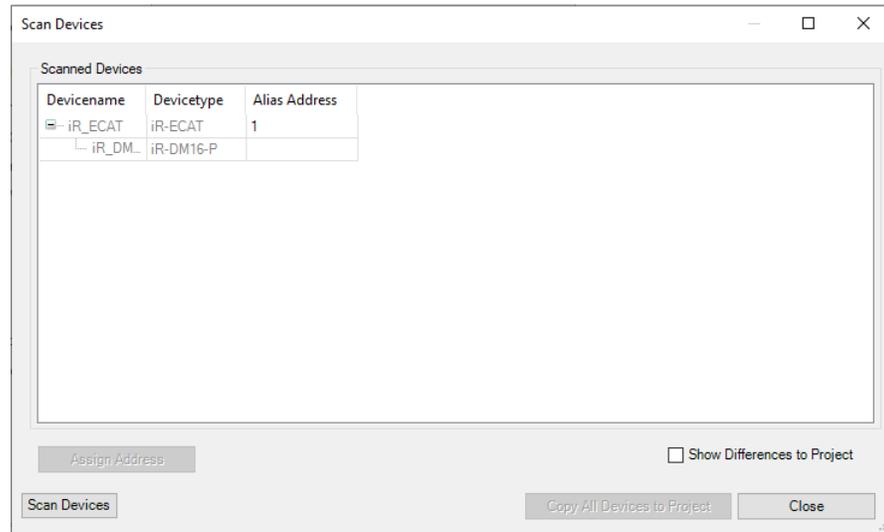
### Select Network Adapter



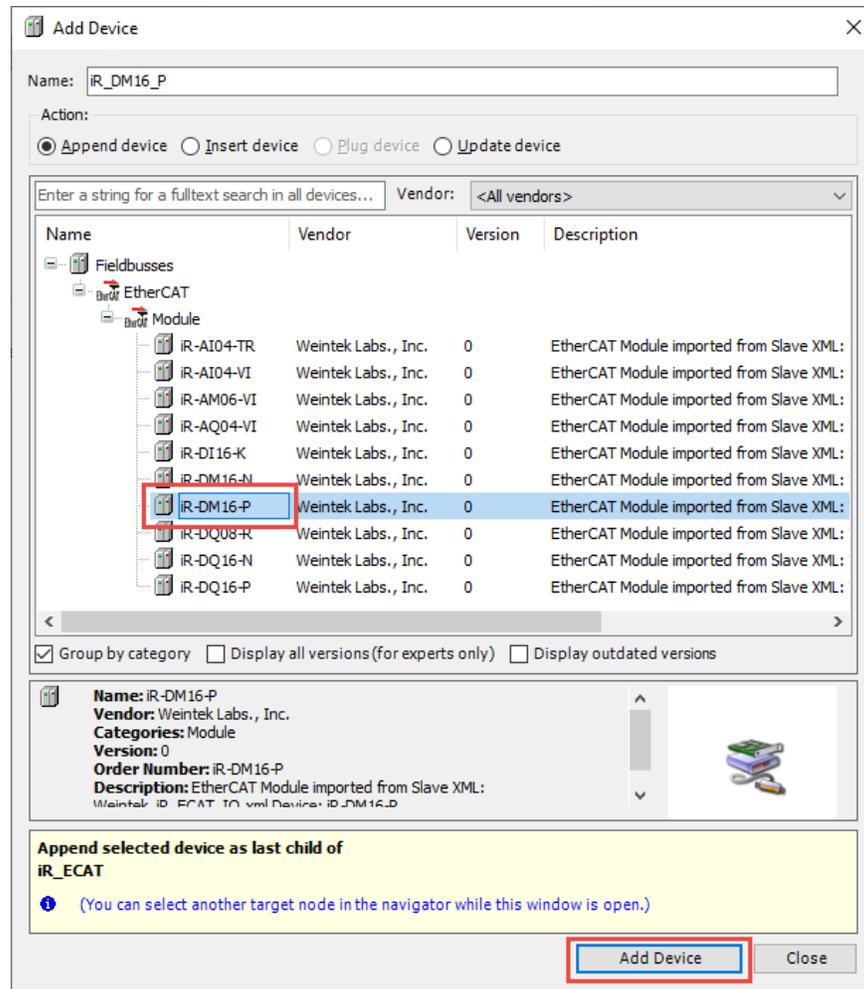
5. Double click on the iR\_ECATOR device to open the device settings. In the General tab, check the Enable Expert Settings checkbox. In the Identification section, select the Configured Station Alias radio button, and for the value field, enter the node ID set on the X1 and X10 dip switches on your iR-ECATOR device. These may be set to any ID except 00 00. Our example is set to 00 01:



6. Add all attached IO modules in order. This can be done in two ways:
  - a. Scan for Devices
    - i. Right click the EtherCAT Master device and click Scan For Devices. If the gateway for the EtherCAT Master device is set up, and the PC is able to login to the CODESYS device, this will automatically scan the connected iR-ECATOR module and find all attached IO modules, allowing them to be added all at once. In this example, only a DM16-P is connected:



- b. Add each IO module by hand in order.
  - i. Right click the iR\_ECAT device and click Add Device. In the Add Device window, select Fieldbusses -> EtherCAT -> Module and then add each connected IO module in the order they are connected to the base module. In this example, only a DM16-P is connected:



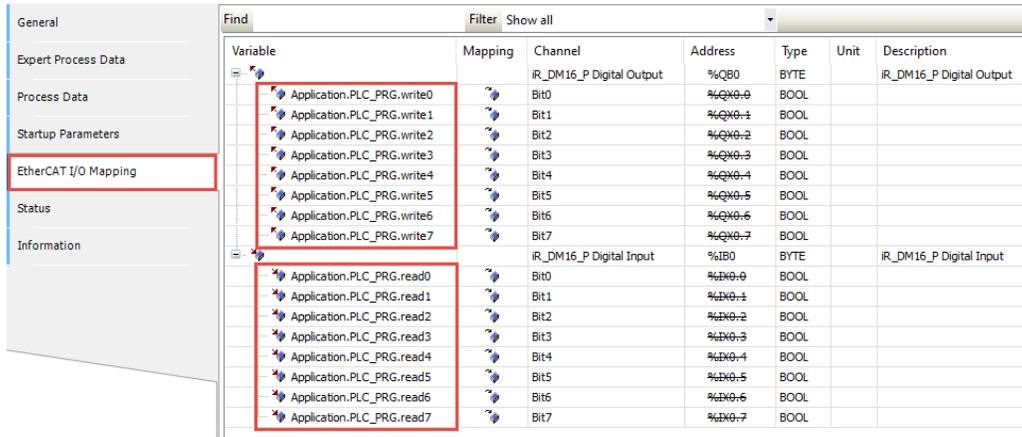
7. Add variables in the PLC\_PRG program to channel to the connected IO. In this example, we will simply add one Boolean for each IO:

```

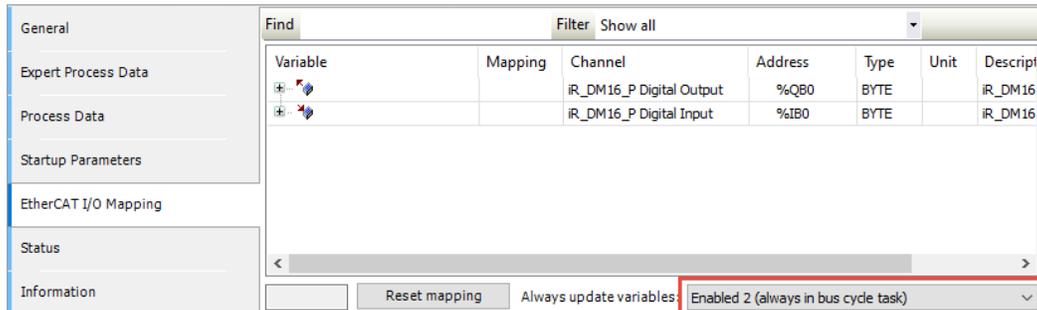
EtherCAT_Master  iR_ECAT  PLC_PRG x
1  PROGRAM PLC_PRG
2  VAR
3      read0: BOOL;
4      read1: BOOL;
5      read2: BOOL;
6      read3: BOOL;
7      read4: BOOL;
8      read5: BOOL;
9      read6: BOOL;
10     read7: BOOL;
11
12     write0: BOOL;
13     writel: BOOL;
14     write2: BOOL;
15     write3: BOOL;
16     write4: BOOL;
17     write5: BOOL;
18     write6: BOOL;
19     write7: BOOL;
20 END_VAR

```

- Double click in the iR\_ECATOR device and go to the EtherCAT I/O Mapping tab. There, map the newly created variables to the IO connected. In this example, we only have an iR-DM16-P connected, so we will connect our 8 read and write variables to the input and output bits:



- While in the EtherCAT I/O Mapping tab of the iR\_ECATOR device, set the Always update variables to Enabled 2 (always in bus cycle task):



- Finally, in the iR\_ECATOR device settings, go to the Expert Process Data tab and check the PDO Assignment and PDO Configuration checkboxes in the Download section:

